



COUNTY OF MONTEREY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Elsa Jimenez, Director of Health

Administration
Behavioral Health

Clinic Services
Emergency Medical Services
Environmental Health/Animal Services

Public Health
Public Administrator/Public Guardian

Recipient of The California Endowment's 2017 Arnold X. Perkins Award for Outstanding Health Equity Practice

October 5, 2017

New Camaldoli Hermitage Water System
ATTN: Robert Hale
62475 Hwy 1
Big Sur, CA 93920

CITATION LETTER, CITATION #17-070
NEW CAMALDOLI HERMITAGE WS, I. D. No. 2702268

Coliform Bacteria MCL Violations for August 2017
Community Water System

Dear Mr. Hale,

Section 116650, Chapter 4 of Part 12 of the California Health and Safety Code (CHSC) authorizes the issuance of a citation for failure to comply with a requirement of Chapter 4 (California Safe Drinking Water Act), or any regulation, standard permit, or order issued thereunder. The Monterey County Health Department, Environmental Health Bureau (hereinafter EHB) under its Delegation agreement with the State Water Resources Control Board and pursuant to Section 116650 of CHSC, hereby issues this citation to the Mesa del Toro WS (hereinafter Water System) for violation of CHSC, Section 116555(a)(1) and Title 22, California Code of Regulations (hereinafter "CCR"), Sections 64426.1(b)(2). Specifically:

1. The Water System was in violation of the Total Coliform Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) set forth in Section 64426.1(b)(2), Title 22, CCR for the month of August 2017. Specifically;
 - a. On August 7 2017, the routine sample collected was total coliform positive.
 - b. On August 9, 2017, 2 of the 4 repeat samples collected were total coliform positive.

History

The Water System notified EHB and the water system users that the water system failed the total coliform MCL in the month of August 2017. The Water System disinfected the system and follow-up sample in August met standards. The Water System indicated the coliform contamination is likely due to the storage tank that needs maintenance.

Directives

Pursuant to Section 116655 of the Health and Safety Code, the EHB hereby orders the New Camaldoli Hermitage WS to do the following to ensure the water supplied by the Water System shall at all times be pure, wholesome, potable, and healthful:

1. The Water System shall comply with Section 64426.1, Title 22, CCR in all future monitoring periods.
2. The Water System shall complete the attached total coliform investigation by October 30, 2017 to identify any other issues.

3. The Water System shall provide the proof of notification to EHB by October 30, 2017.
4. Submit a schedule for completing any necessary tank maintenance or repairs by October 30, 2017.
5. Regularly chlorinate the tank to maintain a detectable chlorine residual until repairs are made.

All submittals required by this order shall be addressed to:

Environmental Health Bureau
1270 Natividad Road
Salinas, CA 93906-3198

EHB reserves the right to make such modifications to this Citation as it may deem necessary to protect public health and safety. Such modifications may be issued as amendments to this Citation and shall be effective upon issuance.

Nothing in this Citation relieves the Water System of its obligation to meet the requirements of the California SDWA (CHSC, Division 104, Part 12, Chapter 4, commencing with Section 116270), or any regulation, standard, permit or order issued or adopted thereunder.

Parties Bound

This Citation shall apply to and be binding upon the Water System, its owners, shareholders, officers, directors, agents, employees, contractors, successors, and assignees.

Severability


The directives of this Citation are severable, and the Water System shall comply with each and every provision thereof notwithstanding the effectiveness of any provision.

Further Enforcement Action

The California SDWA authorizes EHB under its delegation agreement with SWRCB to: issue a citation with assessment of administrative penalties to a public water system for violation or continued violation of the requirements of the California SDWA or any regulation, permit, standard, citation, or order issued or adopted thereunder including, but not limited to, failure to correct a violation identified in a citation or compliance order. The California SDWA also authorizes EHB to take action to suspend or revoke a permit that has been issued to a public water system if the public water system has violated applicable law or regulations or has failed to comply with an order of EHB, and to petition the superior court to take various enforcement measures against a public water system that has failed to comply with an order of EHB. EHB does not waive any further enforcement action by issuance of this

If you have any questions, please contact me at (831)755-4552 or sandovalcl@co.monterey.ca.us.

Sincerely,


Sandy Ayala, REHS
Environmental Health Specialist

APPENDIX 1

APPLICABLE AUTHORITIES

CHSC, Section 116555(a)(1) states in relevant part:

(a) Any person who owns a public water system shall ensure that the system does all of the following:

- (1) Complies with primary and secondary drinking water standards.

CHSC, Section 116655 states in relevant part:

(a) Whenever the department determines that any person has violated or is violating this chapter, or any permit, regulation, or standard issued or adopted pursuant to this chapter, the director may issue an order doing any of the following:

- (1) Directing compliance forthwith.
- (2) Directing compliance in accordance with a time schedule set by the department.
- (3) Directing that appropriate preventive action be taken in the case of a threatened violation.

(b) An order issued pursuant to this section may include, but shall not be limited to, any or all of the following requirements:

- (1) That the existing plant, works, or system be repaired, altered, or added to.
- (2) That purification or treatment works be installed.
- (3) That the source of the water supply be changed.
- (4) That no additional service connection be made to the system.
- (5) That the water supply, the plant, or the system be monitored.
- (6) That a report on the condition and operation of the plant, works, system, or water supply be submitted to the department.

Title 22, CCR, Section 64426.1 (hereinafter "Section 64426.1"), states in relevant part:

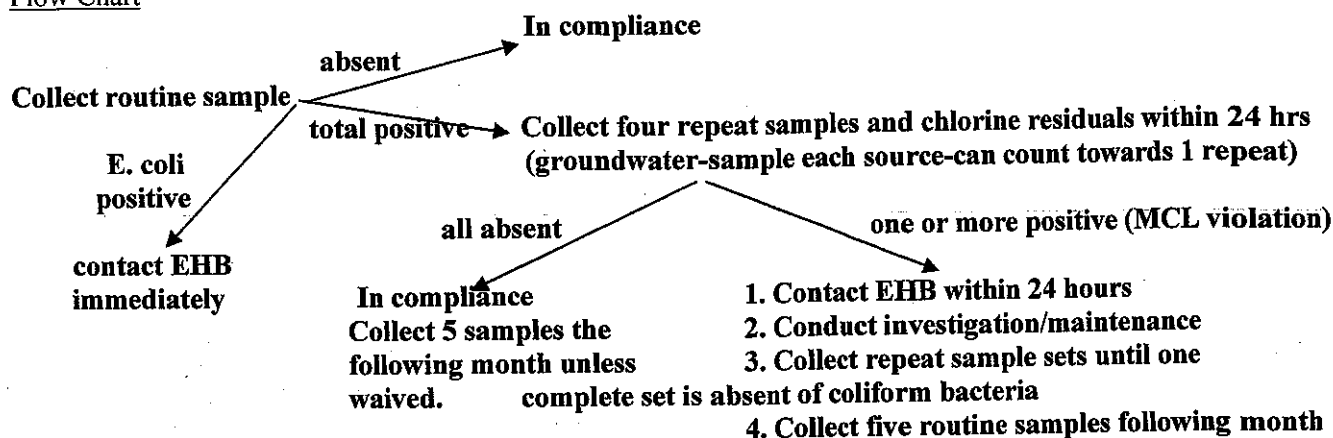
...

(b) A public water system is in violation of the total coliform MCL when any of the following occurs:

- (1) For a public water system which collects at least 40 samples per month, more than 5.0 percent of the samples collected during any month are total coliform-positive; or
- (2) For a public water system which collects fewer than 40 samples per month, more than one sample collected during any month is total coliform-positive; or
- (3) Any repeat sample is fecal coliform-positive or E. coli-positive; or
- (4) Any repeat sample following a fecal coliform-positive or E. coli-positive routine sample is total coliform-positive.

**Monterey County Health Department, Environmental Health Bureau
Bacteriological Monitoring Requirements**

Flow Chart



DETAILS (See Title 22, California Code of Regulations)

Sampling Frequency-Routine Samples (section 64423)

Community and Nontransient-Noncommunity water system - minimum of one sample per month

Transient-Noncommunity water system – groundwater-minimum of one sample per quarter, except one sample per month in which 1,000 or more persons can be served by the water system

Transient-Noncommunity water system – surface water-minimum of one sample per month

If any samples are E.coli positive, the water system must notify EHB immediately.

Repeat Sampling Requirements – Required when Routine Sample is total coliform positive

The water system must require the laboratory to notify the system within 24 hours whenever any coliforms are present in a sample. A repeat sample set must be collected by the system within 24 hours of notification. This set must consist of at least four samples for each total coliform-positive sample and be collected in accordance with an approved sample siting plan. Generally, repeat samples shall be collected from:

- the site of the original positive (required),
- the well,
- the storage tank(s),
- another point in the distribution system within 5 service connections of the original positive
- Groundwater systems must sample each source-sample may count towards 1 repeat sample
- If well is E. coli/fecal positive, contact EHB within 24 hrs for New Groundwater rule guidance

This collection scheme is designed to identify the origin of the contamination. Systems with multiple wells and tanks may sample within 5 service connections upstream and downstream of the original positive or from combined well and tank taps, if available.

The samples shall be collected prior to disinfection of the water system and the water system shall be inspected by the water system during the sampling to identify any potential causes of the original positive sample. Chlorine residual readings shall be analyzed and reported for all repeat samples.

Maximum Contaminant Level Exceedance (MCL) (64426.1)

If one or more samples in the repeat sample set are total coliform-positive, the water system has exceeded the MCL for coliform bacteria and must notify this office within 24 hours. The system must investigate the cause of the positive samples and continue to collect a set of repeat samples until one set has no coliform positive samples. The system must also submit a report of findings including the following (64426):

- Current operating procedures that are or could potentially be related to the increase in bacterial count, such as main repairs or well work conducted without disinfection,
- System pressure loss to less than 5 psi,
- Potential cross connections,
- Physical evidence indicating bacteriological contamination of facilities (such as openings in the well casing, storage tank or evidence of animal activity in the vicinity of the well),
- Analytical results of any additional investigative samples collected, including well samples,
- residents' illness suspected of being waterborne.
- Records of the investigation and any action taken.

Follow-up Sampling

The water system must collect five routine samples the month following any total coliform sample (64424). May be waived if the Department conducts a site visit and determines why the sample(s) were positive and established that the problem has been corrected.

Additional Sampling Requirements

Samples for bacteriological testing must also be collected whenever either of the following conditions apply:

- loss of water pressure below 5 psig within the distribution system
- upon completion of construction, installation, or repair of wells, water mains, or storage facilities.

Samples are to be collected in accordance with an approved Sample Siting Plan (SSP). The sample must be tested by a laboratory certified by the State of California. The water system must direct the laboratory to submit copies of all required bacteriological monitoring directly to this office by the tenth day of the following month.

Collecting Bacteriological Water Samples

Collect samples at cold water faucets that are free of contaminating devices such as screens, aeration devices, hoses, point-of-use devices, or swiveled faucets. To prevent contamination, do not obtain samples from taps that leak around the valve stem and allow water to flow over the outside of the tap. Faucets must be high enough to put the bottle underneath without contacting the mouth of the container with the faucet.

Taking the sample:

1. Open the faucet and thoroughly flush the line for at least two to five minutes. The longer the water runs the better the chance of flushing out bacteria that may be in the building plumbing.
2. Reduce the flow until the water leaving the tap has a continuous, gentle flow without any turbulence.
3. Sterile containers provided by your laboratory must be used. Do not rinse the bottle prior to taking the sample. The powder in the bottle is sodium thiosulfate which inactivates any chlorine-based disinfectant. Be sure this substance stays in the bottle.
4. Remove the cap from the sample bottle and keep it in your hand facing down. Do not touch the inside of the cap or the bottle's inner surface as these actions can contaminate the sample.
5. Carefully place the sample bottle under the running water. Fill the bottle just to the fill-line; do not overfill the sample bottle or allow the water to splash.
6. Quickly replace the cap on the bottle and label the sample clearly. If samples cannot be delivered to the lab immediately, place samples in a cooler with cold packs. If ice is used, at no time should the sample container be immersed or submerged in the ice or melted ice water. The sample must be delivered to the laboratory within 24 hours from the time of collection.

AN IMPORTANT NOTICE REQUIRED BY THE MONTEREY COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entiende bien.

New Camaldoli Hermitage, I. D. No. 270-2268

SUBJECT: Bacteriological Quality Standard Failure **DATE: October 4, 2017**

This notification of all water consumers is being performed in compliance with the laws and regulations of the California State Resource Control Board and the Monterey County Environmental Health Bureau to keep you fully informed about your drinking water.

The bacteriological quality of all water served by the **New Camaldoli Hermitage** during August 2017 did not meet the drinking water standards specified in the California Domestic Water Quality and Monitoring Regulations. The bacteriological quality of domestic water is routinely determined by testing for coliform bacteria. Coliform bacteria are indicators of potential contamination and may originate from human, animal, or soil sources.

HEALTH REGULATIONS BEING VIOLATED: The water system does not meet the maximum permissible contamination level (MCL) requirement of the California Water Resource Board as set forth in Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations.

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CONTAMINATION LEVEL: The water system is in violation of the total coliform MCL when coliform bacteria is present in more than one sample collected during any given month

SIGNIFICANCE OF PRESENT VIOLATION: Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially-harmful, bacteria may be present. Coliforms were found in more samples than allowed and this was a warning of potential problems.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN: No special precautions are necessary on your part at the present time. However, if you experience any of the referenced symptoms, please contact a physician. People with severely compromised immune systems, infants, and some elderly may be at increased risk. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers

ACTION TAKEN TO CORRECT VIOLATION: _____

SCHOOLS, OWNER OR OPERATOR OF RESIDENTIAL RENTAL PROPERTY, OR OWNER OR OPERATOR OF BUSINESS PROPERTY: Section 116450 of the California Health and Safety Code requires us to provide this notification of the following: Schools or school systems shall notify school employees, students, and parents if students are minors; owner or operator of residential rental property shall notify tenants; and owner or operator of business property shall notify employees. This notice shall be given within 10 days upon receipt of this notification.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

New Camaldoli Hermitage WS

WATER SYSTEM NAME

PHONE #

THIS NOTICE IS TO REMAIN IN EFFECT UNTIL PROBLEM IS RESOLVED AND HEALTH DEPARTMENT GIVES CLEARANCE

PROOF OF NOTIFICATION

Total Coliform MCL

As required by Section 116450 of the California Health and Safety Code (H&SC), I notified all users of water supplied by the

New Camaldoli Hermitage Water System, I. D. No. 270-2268

of the maximum contaminant level (MCL) failure for the **month of August, 2017** according to California Code of Regulations(CCR), Title 22, Section 64426.1

Notification was performed on _____ by
(Date)

(method of distribution)

Signature and Title of Water System Representative

Disclosure: Be advised that Sections 116725 and 116730 of the H&SC state that any person who knowingly makes any false statement on any report or document submitted for the purpose of compliance with the California Safe Drinking Water Act may be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for separate violation for each day that violation continues. In addition, the violators may be prosecuted in criminal court and upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$25,000 for each day of violation, or be imprisoned in the county jail not to exceed one year, or both the fine and imprisonment.

POSITIVE TOTAL COLIFORM INVESTIGATION

This form is intended to assist public water systems in completing the investigation required by the California Department of Public Health (Section 64426(b) of Title 22, California Code of Regulations) and may be modified to take into account conditions unique to the system.

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

PWS Name:		PWSID NUMBER:	
Name		Address	
Operator in Responsible Charge (ORC)		Telephone #	
Person that collected T/C samples if different than ORC			
Owner			
Certified Laboratory for Microbiological Analyses			
Date Investigation Completed:			
Month(s) of Total Coliform MCL Failure:			

INVESTIGATION DETAILS

SOURCE	WELL (name)	WELL (name)	WELL (name)	WELL (name)	COMMENTS
1. Inspect each well head for physical defects and report					
a. Is raw water sample tap upstream from point of disinfection?					
b. Is wellhead vent pipe screened?					
c. Is wellhead seal watertight?					
d. Is well head located in pit or is any piping from the wellhead submerged?					
e. Does the ground surface slope towards well head?					
f. Is there evidence of standing water near the wellhead?					
g. Are there any connections to the raw water piping that could be cross connections? (describe all connections in comments)					
h. Is the wellhead secured to prevent unauthorized access?					
i. Does the well have a non-leaking check valve/foot valve to prevent water from draining back into the well from the distribution system?					
j. To what treatment plant (name) does this well pump?					
k. How often do you take a raw water total coliform (TC) test?					
l. Provide the date and result of the last TC test at this location					

TREATMENT	PLANT (NAME)	PLANT (NAME)	PLANT (NAME)	PLANT (NAME)	COMMENTS
1. If you provide treatment, what type and was there any equipment failure?					

POSITIVE TOTAL COLIFORM INVESTIGATION

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STORAGE	TANK (name)	TANK (name)	TANK (name)	TANK (name)	COMMENTS
1. Is each tank locked to prevent unauthorized access?					
2. Are all vents of each tank screened down-turned to prevent dust and dirt from entering the tank?					
3. Is the overflow on each tank screened?					
4. Are there any unsealed openings in the tank such as access doors, water level indicators hatches, etc.?					
5. Is the roof/cover of the tank sealed and free of any leaks.					
6. Is the tank above ground or buried.					
a. If buried or partially buried, are there provisions to direct surface water away from the site.					
b. Has the interior of the tank been inspected to identify any sanitary defects, such as root intrusion?					
8. Does the tank "float" on the distribution system or are there separate inlet and outlet lines?					
9. What is the measured chlorine residual (total/free) of the water exiting the storage tank today?					
10. What is the volume of the storage tank in gallons?					
11. Is the tank baffled?					
12. Prior to the TC+ or EC+, what was the previous date item #1-6 were checked and documented?					

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM	SYSTEM RESPONSES
1. What is the minimum pressure you are maintaining in the distribution system?	
2. Did pressure in the distribution system drop to less than 5 psi prior to experiencing the TCR positive finding.	
3. Has the distribution system been worked on within the last week? (service taps, hydrant flushing, main breaks, main extensions, etc.) If yes, provide details.	
4. Are there any signs of excavations near your distribution system not under the direct control of your maintenance staff?	
5. Did you inspect your distribution system to check for mainline leaks? Do you or did you have a mainline leak?	
6. If there was a mainline leak, when was it repaired?	
7. On what date was the distribution system last flushed?	
8. Is there a written flushing procedure you can provide for our review?	
9. Do you have an active cross connection control program?	

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GENERAL OPERATIONS		SYSTEM RESPONSES
1. Where there any power outages that affected water system facilities during the 30 days prior to the TC+ or EC + findings?		
2. Where there any main breaks, water outages, or low pressure reported in the service area where TC+ or EC+ samples were located.		
3. Does the system have backup power or elevated storage?		
4. Did it rain between last date of coliform free sample(s) and date of current TC+/EC+ samples?		
5. During or soon after bacteriological quality problems, did you receive any complaints of any customers' illness suspected of being waterborne? How many?		
6. What were the symptoms of illness if you received complaints about customers being sick?		

MONITORING ANALYSIS		SYSTEM RESPONSES	
1. List the coliform monitoring results in the chart below?			
2. Does the data point to where the contamination is coming from? Is contamination spread throughout system, appear in well(s), appear only after storage tank(s), isolated to a pressure zone, appear only at one tap			
3. Has the system considered enumerating samples to help look for contamination hotspot?			
4. Is contamination reoccurring?			

[illegible]

POSITIVE TOTAL COLIFORM INVESTIGATION

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO BE SUBMITTED WITH RESPONSES TO THE ABOVE QUESTIONS

1. **Sketch** of System showing all sources, treatment locations, storage tanks, microbiological sampling sites and general layout of the distribution system including the location of all hazardous connections such as the wastewater treatment facility.
2. A set of photographs of the well, pressure tanks, and storage tanks in the system may be submitted if they would show that the contamination is directly related and changes have been made since the last inspection by our Department
3. Name, certification level and certificate number of the Operator in Responsible Charge.
4. Copy of the last cross connection survey performed that identifies the location of all unprotected cross connections.

SUMMARY: BASED ON THE RESULTS OF YOUR INVESTIGATION AND ANY OTHER INFORMATION AT YOUR DISPOSAL, WHAT DO YOU BELIEVE TO BE THE CAUSE OF THE POSITIVE TOTAL COLIFORM SAMPLES FROM YOUR PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM?

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CERTIFICATION: I CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION SUBMITTED IN RESPONSE TO THE QUESTIONS ABOVE IS ACCURATE TO THE BEST OF MY PROFESSIONAL KNOWLEDGE

NAME: _____ TITLE: _____ DATE: _____